DoD Sustainable Buildings Strategy

Lt Col Keith Welch
ODUSD(I&E)

Purpose

Acquisition, Technology and Logistics

- Discuss DoD Strategy Evolution:
 - Reduce Total Ownership Cost of Facilities
- Discuss Impact of Recent Events

Articulate Next Steps

Where We Came From

- Early adopter of green rating systems
- Research shows wide performance variability
- Congress' perception:
 - DoD is plaque-chasing
 - Green rating systems are NOT cost-effective
- National Defense Auth Act, 2012 Prohibits LEED Gold or Platinum
- Requires report on cost effectiveness

NRC Report - Findings

- http://www.nap.edu/catalog.php?record_id=18282
- **Finding 1:** no traditional benefit-cost analysis for ASHRAE 90.1-2010, 189.1-2011, LEED or Green Globes.
- **Finding 2:** limited evidence to indicate ASHRAE 189.1-2011 may need to be selectively adopted to be cost effective.
- **Finding 3:** incremental costs to design and construct high performance buildings typically range from 0-8% (relatively small when compared to total life-cycle costs).
- **Finding 4:** analytical approach proposed by DOD has merit as a decision support tool if appropriate data are available.
- **Finding 5:** high-performance buildings can significantly reduce energy and water use (varies by region, climate zone, bldg type).

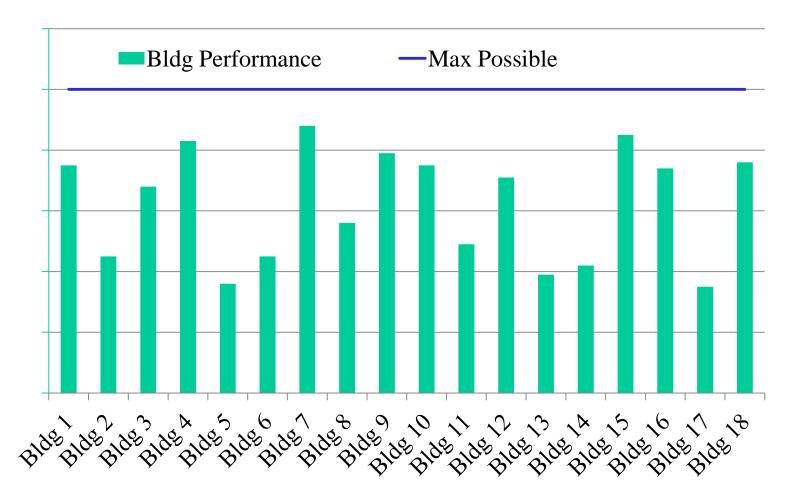
NRC Report - Findings

- **Finding 6:** Not every individual high-performance building achieved energy/water savings compared to conventional bldgs.
- **Finding 7:** In general, the quantities of energy and water used by a building in operation are greater than predicted by building design models.
- **Finding 8:** DOD can continue improving knowledge about high-performance buildings, decision-support tools, and building models by collecting data on measured energy, water, and other resource use for its portfolio of buildings and by collaborating with others.
- **Finding 9.** Effective operation of high-performance buildings requires well-trained facilities managers.

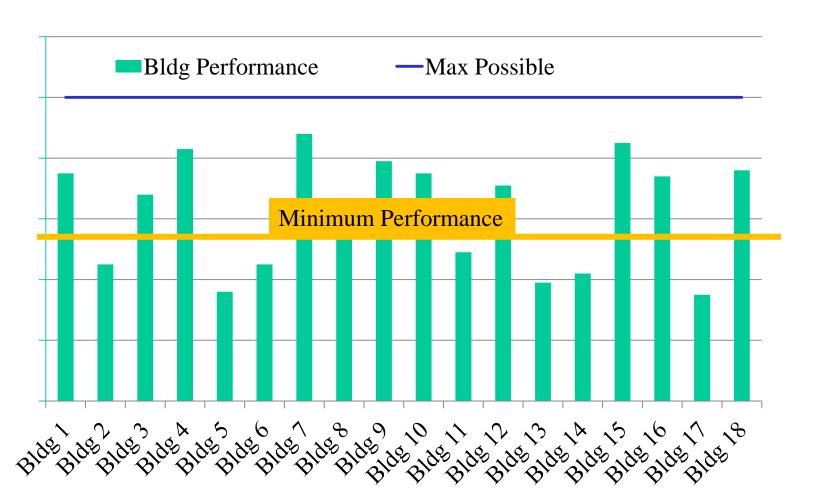
NRC Report - Recommendations

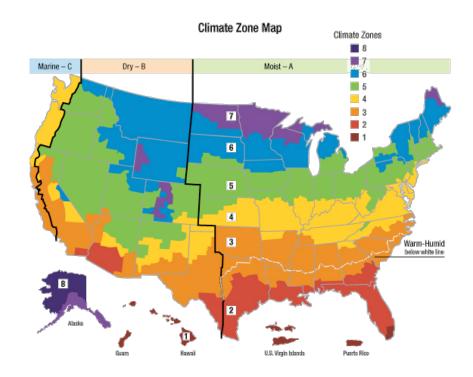
- **Recommended Approach 1:** Continue to require LEED-Silver or equivalent rating.
- **Recommended Approach 2:** Modify building standards and the application of green building certification systems in ways that are appropriate to DoD.
- **Recommended Approach 3.** Measure the actual performance of the DoD's high-performance, green, and conventional buildings.
- **Recommended Approach 4.** Use investment approaches that analyze total cost of ownership, full range of benefits/costs, and uncertain future conditions.
- **Recommended Approach 5:** Fund training for facilities managers to ensure effective operation of high-performance buildings.

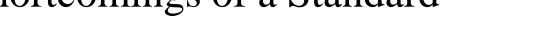
Wide Variation in Performance

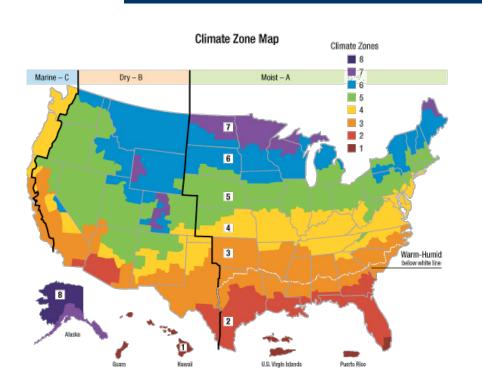


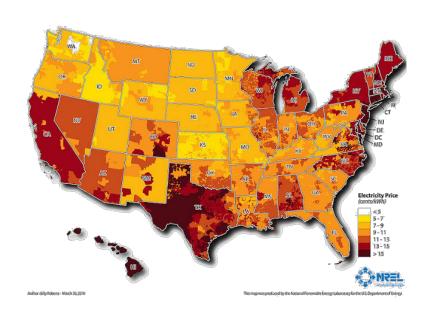
One Solution: A Standard...

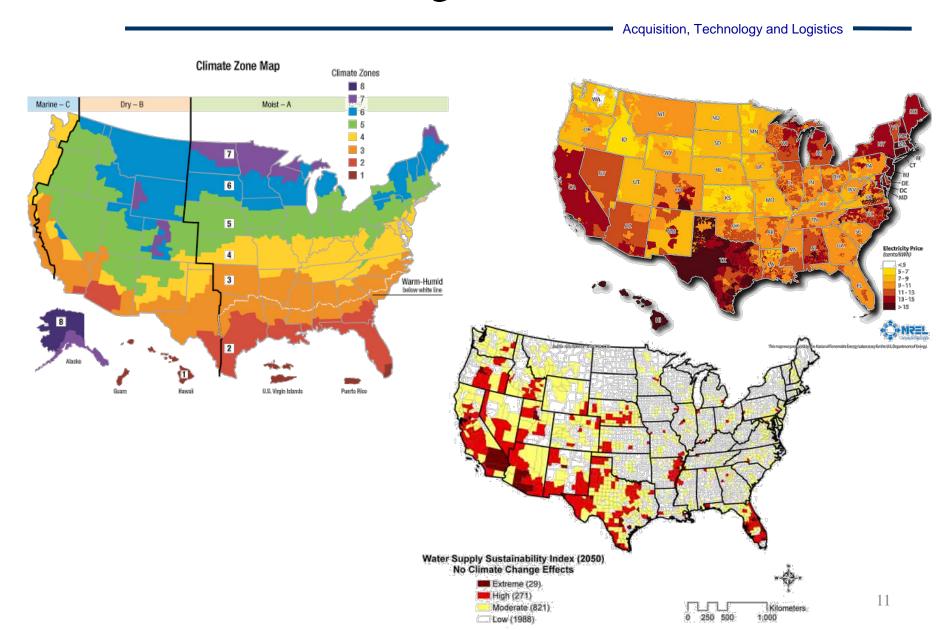


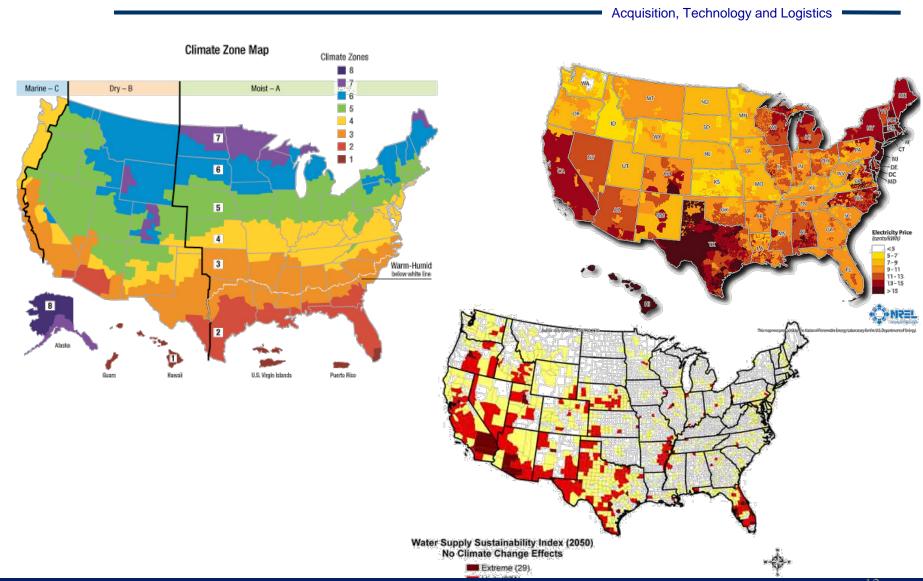




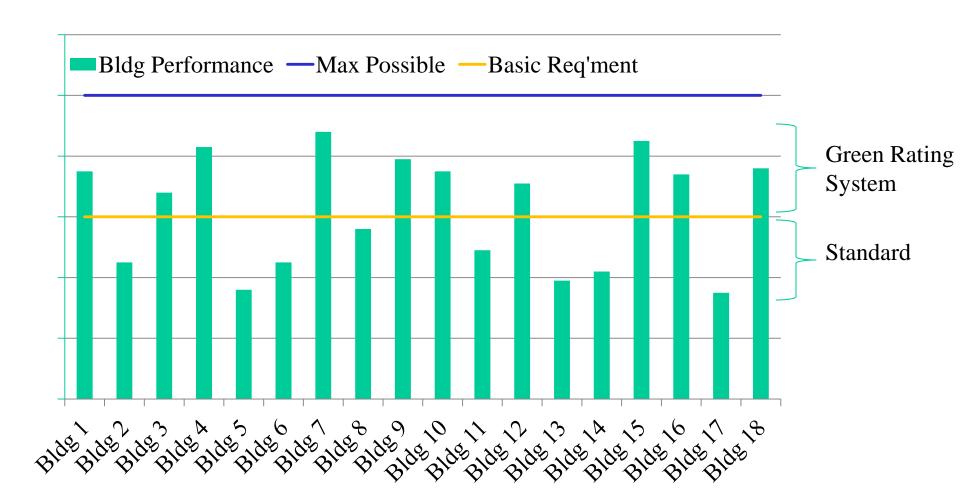








Raising the Bar



Development of the Standard

Acquisition, Technology and Logistics

Intent

- Provide contract-enforceable requirements
- Cover all Federal mandates

Process

- Drew from existing standards (ASHRAE, UFCs, etc.)
- Consulted service SMEs
- Kept cost-effective, widely-applicable items
- Discarded items if not cost-effective

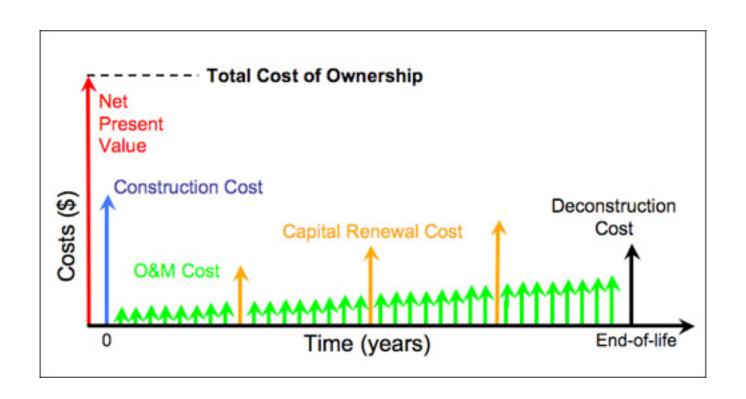
Next Steps

- Build decision framework
 - Enterprise level
 - Installation level
 - Dr Slaughter's White Paper (hardcopy)
- Capture data...guide continuous improvement
 - DoD CBECS
 - Standardize project information
- Identify projects that must exceed minimum

Questions?

Acquisition, Technology and Logistics

Back-Up



Backup

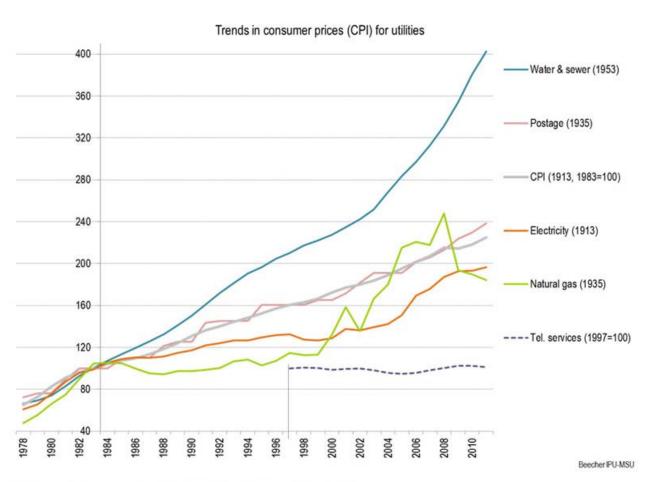


Exhibit 2. Trends in the Consumer Price Index for utilities (general, 1979-2011). The index is set to 100 for 1982-1984 except for telephone services, where the index is set to 100 for 1997.

Study:
Cost
Effectiveness
of Green

Acquisition, Technology and Logistics

DoD

